**Завдання для вступних випробувань з англійської мови Варіант 1**

**Завдання №1**

**Аудіювання**

**The Flying Dutchman**

Diedrich was a young Dutch lad who had no father, and did all kinds of work to earn a living for himself. He got work as a sailor on a ship going to Java. At Java he worked for a rich painter. He saved his money.

After some years he had enough money to buy a piece of land and a house. He thought of a plan and decided to carry out that plan. He sold his land and houses in Java, put the money into bags and then went on board a ship going back to Holland.

He was the only passenger on the ship. One day, when the ship was not far from the Cape of Good Hope, Diedrich sat with the captain and they talked about their early life and their plans for future.

He told the captain his great plan. “l have made a great deal of money, which I am carrying home with me. In Amsterdam there are many poor children. I am going to build a great house and live in it, and I am going to have the biggest family in Amsterdam. I will take only the poorest children, and they will be my sons and daughters”.

The man who steered the ship heard everything they said. He wanted that gold, and he thought how he could get it. He whispered the secret to a few other sailors.

The crew was not a good one. There were many criminals among them.

When the ship was near the Cape of Good Hope, the sailors **seized** the captain and Diedrich and tied them. Those men threw them into the sea. Then they sailed for the nearest port. But as they sailed, a horrible **plague** broke out on board. It was the plague that made the men terribly thirsty.

Their thirst was so great that they sailed towards the nearest port. But when they came into the port, the people saw that they had the plague and refused to let them land.

It was the same when they came to the next port, and to the next. So they turned back to the ports of the East.

Then a great storm broke out and the wind drove them far out in the sea. When the wind died down, they again steered for the land. But when they were near the land, another storm broke out and the wind again drove them far into the sea.

That was years and years ago. But when the ships are sailing around the Cape of Good Hope, through the fog and mist and darkness of the night they see a phantom ship sailing. Then the sailors whisper to each other: «Look! There is the Flying Dutchman!

**Завдання 1. Виберіть правильну відповідь. ( Час виконання – 30 хв.)**

**1. Diedrich had to work much to....**

a) get money to live on c) live for himself

b) earn his living d) to travel

**2. At Java he worked....**

a) as a rich painter c) for a poor painter

b) for a rich artist d) for a rich planter

**3. He ... his money.**

a) collected c) saved

b) spent d) wasted

**4. After having sold his land and houses in Java he....**

a) went by ship to Holland c) went on foot to Holland

b) went on board a sheep to Holland d) travelled to Holland

**5. Diedrich told the captain that he wanted... for his money.**

a) to adopt the poorest children in Amsterdam

b) to give it to children in Amsterdam

c) to build the biggest house in Amsterdam for the poorest children

d) to help the poorest children at Java

**6. Some sailors from the ship decided to... Diedrich.**

a) steal c) whisper

b) get d) rob

**7.** **The crew of the ship consisted of**

a) experienced sailors c) people who had problems with law

b) kind-hearted people d) unknown people

**8. The plague on the ship made the men....**

a) very thick c) terribly thin

b) want to drink very much d) very tired

**9. They couldn’t enter the port because**

a) local people were very unfriendly c) of bad weather

b) the ship was broken d) of possible infection

**10. The ship... to the ports of the East.**

a) had to return c) had to swim

b) had to leave d) had to land somewhere

**11. They couldn’t get to the land because....**

a) of storms c) of winter

b) of straws d) of waves

 **12. «The Flying Dutchman» is... which is often seen near the Cape of Good**

 **Hope.**

a) a real ship c) a flying ship

b) an imaginary ship d) a very old ship

**Завдання 2. Виберіть правильну відповідь. ( Час виконання – 30 хв.)**

Edward Bellamy was born in 1850 in Chicopee Falls, Massachusetts, to a long line of New England Baptist ministers. He was **(1) …** in the United States and in Germany and at length studied law. Working **(2) …** a journalist and editor in New York and in **(3**) … Springfield, he began to publish fiction in 1979, and by 1898 he had published five novels and and a collection of short stories. **(4)** **…** them was the novel now considered the **(5) …** masterpiece, *Looking Backward*. The visionary novel not only **(6) …** literary fame to Bellamy but established him as an important social and economic theorist.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | **A** | educating | **B** | education | **C** | educated | **D** | educate |
| **2** | **A** | like | **B** | as | **C** |  ----- | **D** | for |
| **3** | **A** | **-----** | **B** | the | **C** | a | **D** | an |
| **4** | **A** | among | **B** | through | **C** | between | **D** | behind |
| **5** | **A** | author | **B** | authors’ | **C** | authors | **D** | author’s |
| **6** | **A** | bought | **B** | gave | **C** | broke | **D** | brought |

Cultures are **(7) …** into “low-context” and “high-context”. In “low-context” cultures such as North America, Britain, Sweden and Germany, people say things very plainly, and rely on clear verbal communication. “High-context” cultures such as France, Japan, Spain, Saudi Arabia, China and South Korea often use silence or **(8) …** signals to communicate.

Shaking hands is often the most common form of **(9)…** people, but even this can create problems. In Japan, people bow to each other, in England, people shake hands firmly while in Italy and France people shake hands all the time but not as firmly as the English.

People from “low-context” cultures tend to **(10)** … into other people’s eyes, but in “high-context” cultures such as China and Japan, this can be interpreted as aggressive **(11) … .**

One thing that the British and the Americans do share when meeting each other, however, is the desire to break the ice by making a joke.

Cultures and people vary so much, though , that it is impossible to please all of the people all the time. The best thing you can do is to be polite to **(12) …** you meet.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **7** | **A** | shared | **B** | divided | **C** | chosen | **D** | taken |
| **8** | **A** | loud | **B** | sound | **C** | hand | **D** | mime |
| **9** | **A** | offending | **B** | salute | **C** | greeting | **D** | compliments |
| **10** | **A** | look | **B** | watch | **C** | see | **D** | observe |
| **11** | **A** | action | **B** | behaviour | **C** | gesture | **D** | way |
| **12** | **A** | everyone | **B** | anyone | **C** | none | **D** | nobody |

**Завдання 3. Перепишіть речення і поставте дієслова, що подані у дужках, у правильну форму. (Час виконання – З0 хв.)**

1.Who (teach) you to swim in your childhood?

2. Hi, Peter! You (pass) your exam in History?

3. Your classmate (know) these rules well now?

4. My cousin will call me as soon as she (get) to Lviv.

5. Ann hoped she (learn) the truth very soon.

6.The room was silent. We (can/ not) hear any sound.

7. A tasty pie (cook) before my last birthday.

8.The boy fell when he (hurry) to catch his bus.

9. The teacher was angry that Nick (miss) the previous lesson.

10. (Rain) in your region in December?

11. Nobody (catch/not) fish in the lake some days ago.

12. There (be) old furniture in your granny’s house, ….?